

USE OF ~~CONDUCTED ENERGY-ELECTRONIC CONTROL DEVICES~~

The San Francisco Police Department's highest priority is safeguarding the life, dignity and liberty of all persons. Officers shall demonstrate this principle in their daily interactions with the community they are sworn to protect and serve. The Department is committed to accomplishing this mission with respect and minimal reliance on the use of force by using rapport-building communication, crisis intervention, and de-escalation tactics before resorting to force, whenever feasible. This Department General Order builds upon the Supreme Court's broad principles in Graham v. Connor (1989) 490 U.S. 386 and is more restrictive than the constitutional standard and state law. The Law Enforcement Code of Ethics requires all sworn law enforcement officers to carry out their duties with courtesy, respect, professionalism, and to never employ unnecessary force. These are key factors in maintaining legitimacy with the community and safeguarding the public's trust.

No policy can anticipate every conceivable situation or exceptional circumstance which officers may face. In all circumstances, officers are expected to exercise sound judgment and critical decision making when using force options.

For purposes of this order, the term "officer" means all ranks of sworn personnel.

**I. POLICY**

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines for proper deployment and activation of ~~Conducted Energy-Electronic Control~~ Devices (~~CEDECD~~) and the supervisory response which shall be taken thereafter.

- A. LESS-LETHAL ALTERNATIVES. It is the policy of the San Francisco Police Department (SFPD) to equip ~~members~~officers with less-lethal alternatives, such as an ~~an~~ CEDECD, to resolve encounters with subjects who are ~~actively-violently~~ resisting, assaultive, or exhibiting any action ~~likely to that may~~ result in serious bodily injury or death of another person, themselves or the member.
- B. TRAINING. Only ~~members~~officers who have successfully completed the Department's Use of Force policy update and the Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) Field Tactics training and all other required Department-approved ~~CEDECD~~ training are authorized to carry ~~CEDECDs~~.
- C. REPORTING AND REVIEW. The SFPD will thoroughly investigate and ~~accurately~~ document all facts and information when a member of the SFPD activates an ~~an~~ CEDECD, intentionally or unintentionally. (See DGO 5.01, Use of Force)
- D. USE OF FORCE POLICY. The activation of an ~~an~~ CEDECD by a member in the performance of his/her duties is considered a use of force, and ~~must~~shall therefore be consistent with ~~conform to~~ the ~~methods, tactics,~~ policies and ~~procedure~~restraining adopted by the SFPD. (See DGO 5.01, *Use of Force*).

E. DE-ESCALATION. The use of an CEDECD is not intended to replace tactics or training that can be utilized to calm or control a person, or to de-escalate a situation and avoid the use of force. (See DGO 5.01, Use of Force)

F. RE-EVALUATION. When activating the CEDECD, the member shall ~~only~~ use it for one standard five-second cycle ~~(five seconds), then stop, and re-evaluate~~ evaluate the effectiveness to and determine whether if the subject can be restrained without additional CEDECD activations, use of force. Each subsequent five-second cycle requires a separate, articulable justification.

## II. DEFINITIONS

A. ACTIVATION. Depressing the trigger of the CEDECD causing the firing of probes or placing the CEDECD on a subject in the drive stun mode. An effective activation occurs when the subject is exposed to both ECD probes resulting in a Neuromuscular Incapacitation (NMI) or when the fixed electrodes in drive stun mode are in direct contact with the subject's skin or clothing.

~~B. ACTIVE RESISTANCE. Physically evasive movements to defeat an officer's attempt at control, including bracing, tensing, running away, verbally or physically signaling an intention to avoid or prevent being taken into or retained in custody.~~

~~B.~~ B. ASSAULTIVE. Aggressive or combative; attempting to assaulting or battering the officer or another person, verbally or physically displays an intention to assault the officer or another person.

~~D.C.~~ C. COMPLIANT. Subject offers no resistance.

~~E.D.~~ D. CONFETTI TAGS. Minute coded tags specific to the activated CEDECD cartridge.

that provide accountability for each deployment of a CED cartridge via the dispersal of minute coded tags specific to that cartridge.

~~E.~~ E. CONDUCTED ENERGY DEVICE (CED). A weapon designed primarily to discharge electrical impulses into a subject that will cause neuromuscular incapacitation and override the subject's voluntary motor responses.

DEPLOYMENT. Removal of the CEDECD from the holster and pointing it at a subject, displaying the arc, or displaying the laser sight.

~~G.F.~~ F. DISPLAYING THE ARC. A compliance function of the CEDECD. This method involves displaying the electrical current to a subject without making contact, by first removing the cartridge and then depressing the trigger

G. DRIVE STUN. Activating the CEDECD with the cartridge removed or discharged, and by placing the electrodes upon the skin/clothing of the subject.

- H. ELECTRONIC CONTROL DEVICE (ECD). A weapon designed primarily to discharge electrical impulses into a subject that will cause NMI and override the subject's voluntary motor responses.
- I. LIFE THREATENING. Any action likely to result in serious bodily injury or death to the officer or another person.
- H.J. MEDICAL ASSESSMENT. Examination of a subject by emergency medical personnel.
- H.K. MEDICAL EVALUATION. Examination of a subject by a physician at a medical facility.
- J.L. PASSIVE NON-COMPLIANCE. Does not respond to verbal commands but also offer no physical form of resistance. (e.g., failing to respond to an officer's commands and remaining fixed or stationary when an officer attempts to physically control the subject's movement).
- ~~K.~~ ~~PROBE DISCHARGE. When the trigger is depressed on the CED, the probes are discharged from the cartridge which can penetrate a subject's clothing or skin, simultaneously discharging an electric current.~~
- M. SPARK TEST. This test assists an officer in determining the functionality and the battery life of the CEDECD.

### III. PROCEDURES

#### A. ISSUANCE AND CARRYING CEDECDS.

1. Officers shall only use Department-issued CEDECDs and cartridges.
2. Officers who have been issued the CEDECD shall wear the device in a Department-approved holster and carry the CEDECD in a weak-side holster on the side opposite their duty weapon.
3. An Officers shall not hold a firearm and an CEDECD at the same time.
4. When multiple officers are present and an ECD will be used, only one officer shall activate the device on a subject. If the ECD malfunctions or if both probes do not make contact with the subject, an additional officer may activate an ECD if compliance from the subject has not been achieved. Officers shall coordinate which officer will activate the ECD and which officer(s) will act as the cover officer(s).
5. The Department will ensure that Automated External Defibrillators (AED) are readily available in Department ~~marked sedans and police utility~~ vehicles in all police districts.
- ~~5-6.~~ Officers equipped with an CEDECD shall wear their Department-issued body worn cameras (BWC) and activate the BWC consistent with Department General Order 10.11, Body Worn Cameras.

- B. INSPECTION. Officers carrying the CEDECD shall perform an inspection of the CEDECD at the beginning of every shift and:
1. Perform a daily spark test on the CEDECD at the officer's station or unit before leaving the facility;
  2. Ensure the CEDECD is clearly and distinctly marked to differentiate it from the duty weapon and any other device;
  3. Whenever practical, officers should carry two or more cartridges on their person when carrying the CEDECD;
  4. Officers shall be responsible for ensuring that their issued CEDECD is properly maintained and in good working order. If an officer discovers that the CEDECD is damaged or inoperable, the officer shall cease its use and promptly notify his/her supervisor and document the specific damage or inoperability issue in a memorandum. The supervisor shall facilitate a replacement CEDECD as soon as practical;
  5. Officers shall not alter the CEDECD from the original factory specifications and markings; and
  6. Due to the flammable contents in some chemical agent containers, officers shall only carry Department-issued Oleoresin Capsicum (OC) which is non-flammable (water based and will not ignite).
- C. WARNINGS
1. When reasonable, unless it would otherwise endanger the safety of the officer or others, prior to each activation of the CEDECD, the officer shall loudly announce that the CEDECD is going to be activated.
  2. The purpose of the warning is to:
    - a. Provide the individual with a reasonable opportunity to voluntarily comply, and
    - b. Provide other members/officers and other bystanders with a warning that the CEDECD may be activated.
- D. STANDARD CYCLE AND ASSESSMENT. When activating the CED, the officer should only use it for one standard cycle (five seconds), then stop and evaluate the situation. The initial use of the CEDECD is a standard five-second cycle, after which the officer shall evaluate the need to apply a subsequent second-five-second cycle while offering the subject a reasonable opportunity to comply. Officers should consider that exposure to multiple cycles of the ECD for longer than a total of 15 seconds (3 five-second cycles) may increase the risk of serious bodily injury or death. Unless exigent circumstances apply, officers shall use another force option or tactics once the subject has been exposed to three standard cycles. Members/Officers must be able to articulate in the incident report the facts and circumstances that justified each cycle of the CEDECD. Officers shall use the minimum number of cycles necessary to place the person into custody, and in any

~~event, unless lethal force is justified, shall not employ more than three cycles or 15 total seconds of a CED against a subject during a single incident.~~

In an attempt to minimize the number of CEDECD activations needed for a person's compliance, officers should verbally direct the subject to comply with the officer's commands. Such verbal commands may include, "drop the weapon," "put your hands behind your back," etc. Multiple applications of the CEDECD cannot be justified solely on the grounds that a person failed to comply with a command, absent ~~other the circumstances listed in Section III. H. 1 - 4. considerations such as a weapon in close proximity or the individual posing an imminent immediate threat of physical injury to themselves or others.~~

E. CONSIDERATIONS FOR RE-EVALUATION. If ~~the first application of the an~~ CEDECD appears to be ineffective in gaining control of a subject, the officer shall evaluate the situation and consider certain factors before additional applications of the CEDECD:

~~1. Whether it is reasonable to believe that the need to control the individual outweighs the potentially increased risk posed by multiple applications;~~

~~2.1.~~ Whether the probes are making proper contact;

~~3.2.~~ Whether the individual has the ability and has been given a reasonable opportunity to comply;

~~3.~~ Whether verbal commands, other options or tactics may be more effective; or

~~4. Whether it is reasonable to believe that the need to control the individual outweighs the potentially increased risk posed by multiple applications.~~

F. CEDECD MODES. DEPLOYMENT METHODS The following are the three operational modes the deployment methods of for the CEDECD:

~~1. Probe Deployment Mode. The preferred method of CED deployment is a probe deployment. Deploying the CED with the cartridge attached allows two probes to deploy and penetrate the skin/clothing of a subject. Probe mode occurs when the CEDECD is activated and both probes are expelled from the cartridge and penetrate the skin/clothing of the subject.~~

~~1.~~

2. Drive Stun Mode. MembersOfficers may use the CEDECD in drive stun mode to supplement the probe deployment mode to complete the incapacitation circuit, or as a countermeasure to gain separation between membersofficers and the subject so that membersofficers can consider other force options. Drive Stun mode alone is not designed to cause incapacitation. MembersOfficers shall not use the CEDECD in drive stun mode solely as a pain compliance technique. When using the CEDECD in drive stun mode, membersofficers shall wait a reasonable amount of time between applications to assess effectiveness.

3. Deployment isplay Mode. ~~ing the arc or deploying the CED. This type of dThis CED technique may be a~~ Achieved either by pointing an CEDECD, ~~or employing the arc display, or pointing the laser displaying the are~~ at the subject. Displaying the CEDECD may be all that is necessary to

de-escalate a volatile situation. A subject may become compliant once faced with the realization that an CEDECD may be used on him or her. However, ~~pointing a CED or employing the displaying the are display mode~~ shall not be used in circumstances where activation actual use would not be justified (e.g., where the subject is exhibiting compliance or passive non-compliance), ~~and other circumstances described in this policy).~~

G. ~~\_\_\_\_\_~~ TARGET AREAS. Officers should make reasonable efforts to target lower center mass; or if available, the back, which is and the preferred target area. ~~(if possible) is the back. avoid the head, neck, chest and groin. unless deadly force is.~~ Officers shall not intentionally target sensitive areas, including the head, face, neck, chest or groin. The use of an CEDECD to these areas has a likelihood of causing serious bodily injury or death, and the intentional use of an CEDECD to these areas shall only be used in exigent circumstances. If the dynamics of a situation or officer safety does not permit the officer to limit the application of the CED probes or drive stun mode to a precise target area. ~~o~~

It is recognized that the dynamics of each situation and officer safety may not permit the officer to limit the application of the CEDECD probes to a precise target area. As in all cases of ECD exposure, officers shall monitor the condition of the subject if one or more probes strikes the head, face, neck, chest or groin until the subject is examined by emergency medical personnel.

G.H. AUTHORIZED USE OF THE CEDECD. Officers shall determine the reasonableness of CEDECD use based upon the totality of the circumstances, including but not limited to, the subject's level of resistance; the subject's apparent age and size; and the feasibility of lesser force options. Officers shall use the minimum ~~amount of CEDECD activations or cycles~~ necessary to accomplish a lawful objective.

An officer may activate the CEDECD when a subject is:

1. Armed with a weapon other than a firearm, such as an edged weapon or blunt object, and the subject poses an imminent immediate threat to the safety of the public, him/herself or officers; or
- ~~2. Actively resisting the officer; or~~
- ~~3. Assaulting or battering the officer or another person, attempting to assault the officer or another person; or verbally or physically displaying an intention to assault the officer or another person; or~~
3. Violently resisting an officer's attempt to lawfully detain or arrest a subject; or
- ~~4.~~ 4. Exhibiting actions likely to result in serious bodily injury or death to the public, him/herself or the officer.

In rare circumstances, officers may decide to activate an CEDECD on a subject armed with a firearm. Officers should consider cover, concealment, terrain, lethal cover, and tactical positioning when determining whether to activate the CEDECD in these circumstances.

I. SPECIAL CONSIDERATIONS. RESTRICTIONS ON CED USE Officers shall be aware of the possible heightened risk of an adverse reaction from ECD use on certain subjects. Officers are not

prohibited from using an ECD on these subjects, but use is limited to those exceptional circumstances where the potential benefit of using the device reasonably outweighs the risks and concerns.

1.

Special considerations shall be made when using an ECD on the following subjects: Except where deadly force would be permitted, an officer shall not use a CED

- a. if the subject is obviously pregnant;
- b. if the subject is apparently over the age of 65 appears elderly;
- c. if the subject is visibly frail or has a low body mass;
- d. if the subject is apparently under the age of 13 appears to be a child;
- e. if the subject is in physical control of a vehicle in motion, including but not limited to motorcycles, bicycles, scooters and skateboards;
- f. if the subject is in danger of falling from a significant height;
- g. when the officer has credible information that the subject suffers from a serious medical or psychiatric condition (e.g., heart condition, Alzheimer's disease);
- h. if the subject has recently been exposed to a flammable chemical agent or is otherwise in close proximity to any known combustible vapor or flammable material, including alcohol-based OC spray. Department-issued OC spray is not flammable.
- i. more than three cycles or 15 total seconds of a CED against a subject during a single incident.

2. Officers shall not use CEDECDs will not be used on handcuffed or restrained persons unless the subject is displaying an overtly assaultive or violently resistive behavior and lesser means have been tried and failed or would be ineffective.

IJ. PROHIBITED USE. Officers are prohibited from using the CEDECD:

1. 1. to prevent a subject from destroying evidence, such as placing evidence in his/her mouth;
2. 2. to intimidate by reckless display;
3. 3. if the suspect is fleeing and does not pose an imminentimmediate threat of physical harm to the public or officers. Flight will never be the sole reason for applying an CEDECD on a subject;
4. 4. on a subject who is compliant or who displays only passive non-compliance;
5. 5. as a prod or escort device;
6. 6. to rouse unconscious, impaired or intoxicated subjects; or
7. if the CEDECD is or has been submerged in water or other liquid

K. OFFICER REQUIREMENTS AFTER ACTIVATIONS. As soon as feasible following an CEDECD activation, officers shall:

1. 1. contact the Department of Emergency Management (DEM) and request emergency medical personnel respond to the scene of the CEDECD activation;

DGO 5.02

11/22/17

2. place the subject in a face up (supine) or seated position to assist breathing and avoid placing the subject in a face down position for extended periods of time;

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~~2.3.~~ notify a supervisor of all CEDECD activations, including all unintentional activations; ~~and drive stun activations~~

4. collect confetti tags and book into evidence; and

~~3.~~

4.5. collect expended cartridge(s), ~~along with probes,~~ and wires, and book into an evidence envelope, using a sharps container for the probes. The cartridge serial number shall be listed on the evidence envelope. Officers shall mark the evidence envelope "Biohazard" if the probes penetrated the subject's skin.

MembersOfficers shall document the reasons for any deviation from this evidence collection protocol in the incident report.

L. DUTY TO RENDER FIRST AID. Officers shall render first aid when a subject is injured or claims to be injured by an officer's use of force unless first aid is declined, the scene is unsafe, or emergency medical personnel are available to render first aid. Officers shall continue to render first aid and monitor the subject until relieved by emergency medical personnel.

Absent exigent circumstances, ~~Only appropriate~~ emergency medical personnel should remove CEDECD probes from a person's body. If exigent circumstances require an officer to remove the CEDECD probes, removal shall be done consistent with Department training. Officers shall treat used CEDECD probes as biohazard sharp objects, such as a used hypodermic needle, and shall use universal precautions when handling used CEDECD probes.

M. ~~M.~~ DUTY TO PROVIDE MEDICAL ASSESSMENT.

1. Officers shall request emergency medical personnel ~~arrange respond to the scene~~ for a medical assessment and removal of CEDECD probes from a person's body. ~~by emergency medical personnel.~~

2. At least one officer shall be assigned to continually monitor the subject's physical condition until emergency medical personnel arrive.

3. Officers shall immediately notify DEM of any observed breathing difficulties or any other physical or mental state changes.

4. MembersOfficers shall advise emergency medical personnel that an CEDECD was used on the subject and advise emergency medical personnel if the subject loses consciousness, appears to exhibit signs of a serious medical condition, sustains a secondary injury (e.g., as the result of a fall), and/or is shocked in sensitive areas (e.g., head, face, ~~eyes,~~ neck, ~~chest, breast~~ and groin).

4.5. MembersOfficers should give the approximate time of the CEDECD activation ~~use,~~ the total number of CEDECD activations, and the approximate combined duration of time the CEDECD was activated on the subject to emergency medical personnel.

If a subject refuses medical assessment, the refusal shall be directed to the on-scene emergency medical personnel and not to the officer. Officers shall document a subject's refusal in the incident report by listing the name and identification number of the emergency medical personnel who obtained the refusal from the subject.

N.M. DUTY TO PROVIDE MEDICAL EVALUATION. All subjects who have been struck by ~~CEDECD~~ probes or who have been subjected to the electric discharge of the device shall be transported by emergency medical personnel for evaluation at a local medical facility as soon as practical and prior to any additional law enforcement actions being taken with the subject. If emergency medical personnel do not transport the subject or if the subject refuses medical evaluation assessment, officers shall transport the subject to a local medical facility.

If a subject refuses medical evaluation, the refusal shall be directed to the medical facility staff ~~on-scene emergency medical personnel~~ and not to the officer. Officers shall document a subject's refusal in the incident report by listing the name and identification number of the ~~emergency medical personnel~~ medical facility staff who obtained the refusal from the subject. The officer shall inform any person providing medical care and the personnel receiving custody of the subject that he or she has been subjected to the ~~deployment of the CEDECD~~.

O. NBOOKING OF SUSPECT. When a subject has been exposed to ECD probes or has been subjected to the electric discharge of the device, officers shall:

1. Ensure the subject is medically evaluated prior to booking him or her into the county jail. Subjects shall not be booked at a district station, and  
~~Anyone shall not be~~

2. detained at a district station holding facility. Officers shall immediately book the arrested subject into the county jail upon release from the medical facility. Officers shall n~~Note the use of the CEDECD on the field arrest card.~~

Nothing in this section prohibits an officer from taking a subject who has been exposed to ECD probes or has been subjected to the electric discharge of the device to a police facility for investigatory purposes. However, the subject shall be medically evaluated prior to binging him or her to the police facility.~~on any subject who has been struck by CED probes or who has been subjected to the electric discharge of the device.~~

P. DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS. Officers shall document all ~~CEDECD~~ deployments and activations, including all unintentional activations, ~~drive-stun activations; pointing the laser; and displaying the arc in the CED~~ in an incident report, supplemental incident report or a written statement. Officers shall include the following information in the incident report or written statement:

1. Date, time and location of the incident;

**DGO 5.02**

11/22/17

2. The subject's actions necessitating ~~each the~~ use of the ~~CEDECD~~, including any weapon displayed by the subject;
3. Subject's known or suspected drug use, intoxication and other medical problems at the time of deployment or activation;
4. De-escalation techniques used by the officer(s);
5. Whether a verbal or other warning was given or the reason it was not given;
6. Whether the officer used other force options;
7. The type and brand of ~~CEDECD~~ and cartridge serial number;
8. Whether any deployment ~~or displaying the are~~ deterred a subject and gained compliance;
9. The number of ~~CEDECD~~ activations;
10. ~~The facts and circumstances justifying each activation by~~ The approximate distance at which the ~~CEDECD~~ was used;
12. Location of any probe impact;
13. Description of where missed probes went;
14. Whether the subject sustained any injuries
15. Information about the medical care provided to the subject;
16. Whether any officers sustained any injuries;
17. Identification of all officers deploying or activating CEDECDs;
18. Identification of all witnesses; and
19. All supervisory notifications ~~Whether any officers sustained any injuries~~;
20. Identification of all officers deploying or activating CEDECDs;
21. Identification of all witnesses; and
22. All supervisory notifications required by DGO 5.01, Use of Force.

Officers assigned to at the Police Academy Physical Training techniques and Defensive Tactics staff shall analyze-review all incident reports involving ~~CEDECD~~ use, ~~upon receipt,~~ to identify trends, tactics and the need for training updates. ~~including deterrence and effectiveness.~~

- QP.** SUPERVISOR RESPONSIBILITIES. When an ~~an~~ ~~CEDECD~~ has been activated, a supervisor shall follow the protocol outlined in DGO 5.01, Section VII, Section B. 2. In addition, supervisors shall:
1. Confirm that any probes that have pierced the subject's skin are removed by medical personnel;
  2. Ensure that photographs of probe sites are taken unless the probe sites are on the breast, genitalia, or buttocks;
  3. Ensure that the subject is medically evaluated prior to being booked into any facility;
  4. Ensure that the ~~CEDECD~~'s memory record has been uploaded; and
  5. Provide replacement ~~CEDECD~~ cartridges to the officer, as necessary.
- R.** SUPERIOR OFFICER'S RESPONSIBILITIES. When a superior officer is notified of a supervisor's preliminary determination of unnecessary force that results in serious bodily injury, the superior officer shall notify and submit any documentation to the Department of Police Accountability (DPA) as required in DGO 2.04, Citizen Complaints Against Officers.

S. RISK MANAGEMENT NOTIFICATIONS. The Commanding Officer of the Risk Management Office or designee shall notify the DPA within seven (7) business days of any ECD activation involving the circumstances listed in section III. I. 1. a-h.

T.Q OFF-DUTY CONSIDERATIONS. Officers are not authorized to carry or use Department-issued CEDECDs while off-duty. Officers shall ensure that CEDECDs are secured in a manner that will keep the device inaccessible to others.

U.S TRAINING. ~~Any officer who has not carried the CED as a part of his or her assignment for a period of six months or more shall be recertified by a Department approved CED instructor before carrying or using the device.~~

Proficiency training for officers who have been issued CEDECDs shall occur annually. A reassessment of an officer's knowledge or practical skill may be required at any time if deemed appropriate by the Department-approved CEDECD instructors. All training and proficiency for CEDECDs will be documented in the officer's training file.

Any officer who has not carried the CEDECD as a part of his or her assignment for a period of one year six months or more shall be recertified by a Department-approved CEDECD instructor before carrying or using the device.

Commissioned Officers have the option to carry an CEDECD. Officers who supervise or conduct Use of Force evaluations involving CEDECDs shall receive the Department-approved CEDECD training regardless of whether they carry an CEDECD.

The Commanding Officer of the Training Division is responsible for ensuring that all officers who carry CEDECDs ~~have received~~ initial and annual proficiency training. ~~Application of CEDECDs activation on an officer~~ during training shall not be mandatory for certification.

The Commanding Officer of the Training Division shall ensure that all training includes:

1. A review of this Department General Order;
2. A review of DGO 5.01, Use of Force;
3. A review of DGO 5.21, Crisis Intervention Team (CIT) Response to Person in Crisis Calls for Service;
4. Performing weak-hand draws or cross-draws to reduce the possibility of unintentionally drawing, pointing and firing a firearm;
5. Target area considerations, to include techniques or options to reduce the unintentional application of probes near the head, face, neck, chest and groin;
6. Handcuffing a subject during the application of the CEDECD and transitioning to other force options;
7. Scenario-based training;
8. CIT updates;

**DGO 5.02**

**11/22/17**

9. De-escalation techniques; and
10. Restraint techniques that do not impair respiration following the application of the [CEDECD](#).

References

[DGO 2.01, Citizen Complaints Against Officers](#)

[DGO 5.01, Use of Force](#)

[DGO 5.21, Crisis Intervention Team \(CIT\) Response to Person in Crisis Calls for Service](#)

[DGO 10.11, Body Worn Cameras](#)

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